

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		040679-1342	9299		
09/942,679	08/31/2001	Minoru Tamura	040079-1342	7277		
	san 10/06/2003		EXAMI	INER		
22420	, ,		TRAN, DALENA			
FOLEY AND LARDNER						
SUITE 500			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
3000 K STREET NW WASHINGTON, DC 20007			3661			
WASHINGTON, DC 20007			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati n	v .	Applicant(s)			
· ·				TAMURA ET AL.			
. Office Action Summans		09/942,679		Art Unit			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		3661			
	TO MAN INC DATE 6thic communicati n	Dalena Tran	over sheet with the				
The MAILING DATE f this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will, by statistic properties of the period for reply will be period f	N. 1.136(a). In no event, reply within the statutor iod will apply and will extute, cause the applica silling date of this comm	however, may a reply be tily y minimum of thirty (30) da topire SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2						
2a)□		This action is no		and the marite is			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims							
-	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 18-20</u> is/are rejected.						
	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-17</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
1	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
141	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachme							
1) No	ice of References Cited (PTO-892) ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 promation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	8) lo(s) <u>11</u> .	4) Interview Summ 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Art Unit: 3661

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Notice to Applicant(s)

- 1. This office action is responsive to the amendment filed on 7/23/03. Claims 1-20 are pending.
- 2. The prior art submitted on 8/13/03 has been considered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claim 1, is rejected under 35 U.S.C.102(b) as being anticipated by Minowa et al. (5,752,214).

As per claim 1, Minowa et al. disclose a method for controlling a stand-by braking torque applied to an automotive vehicle under a condition of approaching or following an obstacle preceding the vehicle, method comprising: determining a brake signal for brake pressure to apply a brake torque, as a stand-by braking torque (see column 3, lines 10-40), establishing at least one brake torque threshold, and comparing the monitored brake torque with the established brake torque threshold (see column 2, lines 14-40), monitoring the brake torque, and comparing the monitored brake torque with the established brake torque threshold (see columns 3-4, lines 42-33; and columns 8-9, lines 66-64), and modifying the brake signal in response to the comparing the monitored brake torque with the established brake torque threshold (see columns 6-8, lines 29-30).

Art Unit: 3661

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

6. Claims 3, and 18-20, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.102(e) as being anticipated by Kurz et al. (6,226,593).

As per claims 3 and 19-20, Kurz et al. disclose a system for controlling a stand-by braking torque applied to an automotive vehicle under a condition of approaching or following an obstacle preceding the vehicle, system comprising: an obstacle detection system for detecting a distance between the vehicle and the obstacle preceding the vehicle (see column 1, lines 41-55; and columns 3-4, lines 47-14); a braking system for application, as a stand-by braking torque, brake torque to the vehicle in response to a brake signal (see column 1, lines 56-67); a controller for determining whether or not an operator braking action to reduce the speed of the vehicle is imminent under a condition of approaching or following an obstacle preceding the vehicle based on the detected distance by the detection system and a vehicle speed of the vehicle (see column

Art Unit: 3661

2, lines 1-43), determining an initial value of brake torque (see column 2, lines 43-48; and column 4, lines 13-43), determining a brake signal for the determined initial value of brake torque (see column 2, lines 49-67), applying the determined brake signal to the braking system upon determination that the operator braking action is imminent (see column 3, lines 1-34), and monitoring the brake signal based on the monitored brake torque after determination that the operator braking action is imminent (see columns 4-5, lines 42-3).

Claim 18 is method claim corresponding to system claim 3 above. Therefore, it is rejected for the same rationales set forth as above.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claim 2, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Minowa et al. (5,752,214) in view of Hiwatashi (6,056,374).

As per claim 2, Minowa et al. do not disclose detecting pressure of the hydraulic brake fluid at a first and second location. However, Hiwatashi discloses detecting pressure of the hydraulic brake fluid at a first and second location within the braking system to generate a first and second output signal indicative of the detected pressure at the first and second location (see the abstract; columns 1-2, lines 63-17; and columns 4-5, lines 41-65), and processing the first and second output signals to provide at least one variable expressing one of characteristics of the

Art Unit: 3661

brake torque (see columns 6-7, lines 23-32). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Minowa et al. by combining detecting pressure of the hydraulic brake fluid at a first and second location within the braking system to generate a first and second output signal indicative of the detected pressure at the first and second location, and processing the first and second output signals to provide at least one variable expressing one of characteristics of the brake torque to accurate control braking of vehicle depend on the relationship of the obstacle in front of vehicle.

9. Claims 4-17, are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Remarks

10. Applicant's argument filed on 12/30/02 has been fully considered. However, upon updated search, the new ground of rejection has been set forth as above.

The rejection of independent claim 1 is change now because Dillmann (5,131,268) reference disclose monitoring torque of a brake used in the control rod drive in a nuclear reactor. Therefore, that rejection is withdrawn. The new reference Minowa et al. disclose brake torque threshold as cited as item 4 above.

However, the rejection of independent claim 3 still keep the same because Kurz et al. reference disclose monitoring the brake torque applied to the vehicle (see the abstract; column 2, lines 1-8; column 2, lines 43-48; and column 4, lines 43-62). Kurz et al. reference disclose monitoring brake torque and / or engine torque, claim 3 only disclose monitoring the brake

Art Unit: 3661

torque applied to the vehicle, and do not comparing the monitored brake torque with the brake torque threshold as in claim 1. Therefore, Kurz et al. reference satisfy the limitation of claim 3.

Also, Hiwatashi reference satisfies the limitation of claim 2.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dalena Tran whose telephone number is 703-308-8223. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30 AM-5:30 PM), off every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Cuchlinski can be reached on 703-308-3873. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-7687 for regular communications and 703-305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

/dt September 30, 2003

TAN Q. NGUYEN DIMARY EXAMINER